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Date : 03/02/2021

Ref. No. KU/VC/ 178 / 21

**SHIV SAMKALPA**

A standard college magazine assimilates and corroborates timely dissemination of scholarly and technical work with evaluation and verification. It also highlights the scholarly credit including idea and ideology of the flourishing talents. It needs to collate valuable and relevant information that encapsulates interestingly matters to the student community and its readers at large of contemporary knowledge in the spheres of Science, Arts , Commerce and Modern Technology.

XITE College, Gamharia, one of the premier institutes under the affiliation of Kolhan University, has been catering to the needs of society, especially to the tribal community, in its slew of activities. I am overwhelmed with pleasure to know about the academic health and learning environment of the college. It should be a paradigm to similar institutions.

The College magazine entitled '**Xavier Chimes**' being published will capture the dreams of many flourishing and budding scholars. This will tell the tales of its journey and the mile stones created. 'Xavier Chimes' is currently set to focus of Covid-19 which has battered human progress. This will definitely pave the way towards the zeal of development and contribute its mite to help overcome hurdles that have been faced during this pandemic period. We should hail this endeavour which will carry flood of information of the young and maturing scholars to help overcome the problems being faced due to Covid-19. This augurs well for democratic values as this will cover mega contemporary issues. We have to walk the extra mile to achieve the goal in the post Covid-19 period. We have to craft new opportunities.

I appreciate the academic efforts being made to bring out the college magazine , appropriately named 'Xavier Chimes' which will chime and throw light on many facts that have hitherto remain unravelled. Looking forward to a meaningful publication I felicitate XITE on the launch of their college magazine.

(Prof. Gangadhar Panda)
Vice-Chancellor
Kolhan University, Chaibasa



From the Desk of the Principal

Covid-19 caused havoc in all aspects of life and the society. This unexpected and sudden change led to transformation of the Civil Society, Establishments, Corporate, Educational Institutions, and so on in myriad ways. The theme of the Magazine '*Covid-19: the Mover and Shaker*' gives me great joy to look at the theme through the lens of education. It challenged the traditional education system and enabled it to move towards innovative ways of imparting quality education through various methods of teaching-learning. Thus the Pandemic became an agent of change in the 21st Century.

Looking at the changes that technology has scaled up and the way students and teachers are engaged in teaching-learning make me think 'if I could spend more time in project based learning'. I was inspired by the innovations some of the educational institutions have adopted in imparting quality education. These institutions and use of technology have helped me and my colleagues to make changes in personal and professional settings. I have realised the need and importance of 'buy-in' from the stakeholders before initiating any significant changes. This approach has helped to bring significant, positive, and lasting changes in imparting quality education to our students.

I must acknowledge that XITE College as a change agent tried to establish bold visions and did not buy into a 'no' answer rather moved more towards a student centric approach. We reflected about their needs and drove to meet them. By doing so, we engaged the stakeholders to real-time, provided the correct perspective, and aligned our values with them. Faculty made use of available and affordable resources for imparting knowledge and the students assimilated and exhibited them the best possible way they could.

The acknowledgement of parents and students surrounds the tremendous value driven journey that the College has been making from an isolated effort to an integrated approach with empowered wisdom. Such a shift allowed evolving new perspectives that are dormant in the system. This attitude led to new possibilities for bringing new ideas to the table. The impact of these scenarios is that Covid-19 forced to move from the comfort zone to meet the expectations of the stakeholders in new and powerful ways. Thus, Covid-19 shook the education system and was compelled to create a remarkable echo system which exhibits courage, grit, passion, compassion and above all humanity.

Fr. E.A. Francis, SJ, Ph.D.
Principal



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22 February 2021

Message

I am happy to learn that XITE College has chosen the Pandemic “Covid-19: The Mover and Shaker” as the theme for its 9th edition of the Annual College Magazine. A reflection which is an integral part of Jesuit pedagogy entails a thoughtful reflection of a subject matter/ experience/ idea to grasp its significance. While reflecting on the theme, I understand our interdependence and responsibility of taking care of our mother earth.



I acknowledge and appreciate the commitment and the hard work of the faculty, the staff and the students to make XITE College a growing institute. I am sure that you will continue the noble work with renewed vigour and enthusiasm.

I extend my felicitations to the final year students (batch 2017-20) who have done well academically by securing 100% 1st class in BBA and B.Com. I am pleasantly surprised to know that about 80% of the B. Com students have secured distinction and one among them is the University 2nd topper. This speaks about the quality and the dedication of students and the faculty.

I appreciate and congratulate the entire College team for their several achievements such as conducting national and state-level webinars on relevant topics, signing a MoU with Future Sure Academy (FSA) for soft skills training, etc. during this unique academic year. The College continues to provide special English coaching for weaker students from rural areas. During the lockdown period, the College has been conducting regular online classes which have been well appreciated by students and parents. The University has acknowledged and appreciated all these activities of the College.

To all the students of XITE, ‘One can’t cross the sea merely by standing at the shore and staring at the water but by taking a step at a time and leaping forward. The higher education is something like that in which one has to immerse self to reap the fruit’.

With prayerful wishes and God’s Blessings,

J. Cutinha SJ

Fr. Jerry Cutinha SJ
Provincial





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MESSAGE

I am happy to learn that XITE College is bringing out the Annual Magazine 'Xavier Chimes-2021' concentrating on the theme – **"COVID-19, the Mover and Shaker"**. I do appreciate the commitment and concern of the Management and the Faculty in moulding the young minds not only as a qualified candidate but saturated with human values, which, we in our time, tend to ignore in the race of achieving the best for survival.

COVID-19 has visited this of our planet in our era as the Herald and has effectuated the lesson that – *Man is not the master but one among the creature in the creation. He cannot achieve the fullness by subjugating, controlling, exploiting and tricking others. He does so, only by contributing for the beneficial of all.*

The need of the hour is, inculcation of the spiritual dimension on par with academic excellence that holds the creation or man ends up 'Homo Homini Lupus' (Man is not a man but a wolf to a stranger).

I am glad, that our institute XITE makes conscious effort in helping the students to learn the lesson that normally one learns last. In deed 'Xavier Chimes' is a great way of accompanying the students to contemplate the topic that is necessitated by COVID-19 here and now.

I impart my Blessing and Best Wishes for the Management, Staff and Students.

+ Telesphore SVD

+ Telesphore Bilung, SVD
Apostolic Administrator
Jamshedpur.

09.02.2021

1. Jamshedpur Diocesan Corporation (Reg. No.385/ 20 March, 2006)
2. Jamshedpur Diocesan Education Society (Reg. No.529/ 8 December, 2006)

Fr. P. Christie, S.J., Ph.D.
Director



XLRI

Xavier School of Management

For the greater good



MESSAGE:

I appreciate you for choosing a highly relevant theme "Covid-19: The Mover & Shaker" for the 9th edition of Xavier Chimes 2021. These have been very trying times for all of us and has been a challenge for the higher education sector. But it seems as though human effort is definitely going to win over these obstacles.

I am delighted to note the efforts taken to focus on the academic excellence in line with the Jesuit spirit of '*magis*'. My heartiest compliments to the students who have secured 1st Division in their final year University exams for both BBA and B.Com. Especially considering that 65% of the students are tribals, 100% academic performance is commendable.

I am also happy to know that the College provides coaching on CAT, XAT, Banking, Railway, Tally, etc., in collaboration with Institutes of IBT & TIMES and that the College has signed a MoU with Future Sure Academy (FSA) for providing various soft skills training to upskill the students. It is surely the need of the hour to be trained into an all-round student.

I attribute all of the above accomplishments to the Jesuit administration, highly committed faculty and staff members who continue to believe in providing best-in-class education through their innovative and academically beneficial offerings.

May God be with you in your mission and bring into fruition all your endeavours.

With regards,

Fr P Christie, S.J.



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From The Editor's Desk

Welcome to the 9th edition of the Xavier Chimes!

Today, two things terrify me the most. The Corona virus and failing economies! While the arrival of vaccines has helped counter the first fear, the second is still petrifying. Governments all over the world are doing all they can to hold their economies up. But, in some cases, the balloon is losing air too fast. While Germany and the United States have been prompt and generous in their financial aid packages, less privileged nations are uncertain as to save lives or livelihoods. Italy, for example, has faced a severe economic contraction of around 11 per cent and is going through the worst crisis since the Second World War. India is not doing much better too! Having seeded stimulus and financial packages, we are still waiting to witness the desired germination of economic recovery. Our dream for that 5 trillion dollar economy by 2026 has been rudely interrupted. There is also wide contradiction regarding the choice of a possible solution – while noted academicians think that supporting the industry will provide the much required stimulus for growth, the corridors of power believes that large industries need to fend for themselves.

But the silver lining to this black cloud is the innovation which was born as the child of necessity. An array of industries has begun to re-invent and re-engineer, producing some very innovative results. Our local gem Tata Steel, having experienced the sharp fall in steel demand globally and well as nationally, has diversified into non-steel materials like fibre-reinforced polymer (FRP) and graphene to insulate itself from the demand shock. Bharat Heavy Electricals Ltd (BHEL) is planning to rent out its 'idle factories', pharmaceutical major Cipla is distributing directly to consumers through e-commerce channels, medical representatives are not visiting doctors any more but using virtual ad-boards, podcasts and webcasts to promote medicines, FMCG major Marico has set up a tele-ordering facility where retailers can order directly instead of going via distributors, automobile manufacturers are building systems to eliminate dealer visits, lifestyle majors like Titan are offering home trials for personal products like jewellery and the list can go on.







So, we can safely say that Covid-19 has been a true mover and a shaker for one and all. We have therefore devoted this issue of 'Xavier Chimes' to this engaging theme which has changed our life in ways we have not yet entirely come to grips with. It is full of enthusiastic contributions showcasing the power to perceive and observe and the talent of creative expression. The students, faculty and staff of XITE College, through their literary and artistic contributions have made engaging revelations about various tenets of the pandemic. From charting economic slowdowns to accounting personal experiences to sketching interesting illustrations about this 'great disruptor', a lot of genuine effort is documented in this issue. We hope that such honest enthusiasm satiates your curiosity and holds your interest.

At the close, I would like to thank the dignitaries for spending their valuable time to pen down messages for this edition, the editorial board for its untiring effort in spending countless hours perfecting the contributions, the supervisors and mentors for working behind the scenes and the contributors who are integral to this effort. Last but definitely not the least, gratitude is due to you dear reader, who has made the most valuable contribution, your time! I wish you all the best and a happy reading experience.

Good Luck for 2021!

Dr. Sanchita G. Chowdhury
Editor, Xavier Chimes

XITE Achievements

- The College secured a 100% pass result and 100% students have secured 1st division.
- Among the B.Com students 80% of them received Distinction.
- Ms. Tulsi Kumari secured 2nd Rank in the University (B.Com) 
- Mr. Gaurav Gupta is waiting to join either in IIM or in XIMB 
- Ms. Priti Tirkey joined IIM 
- Ms. Devyani Gagrai joined NIT, Trichy 
- Mr. Sourav Dutta has got placement in BYJU's for Rs.7 Lac P/A 
- Ms. Rashi Kumari has got placement in BYJU's for Rs.5 Lac P/A 

College Toppers

BCom - III		BBA - III	
1st	Tulsi Kumari Murmu	1st	Gourav Kumar Gupta
2nd	Suma Das	2nd	Swati Kumari
3rd	Anshu Nisha A. Michyari	3rd	Jyoti Kumari Mahato
BCom - II		BBA - II	
1st	Bhavana Kumari	1st	Kunami Hansda
2nd	Priyanka Ghosh	2nd	Ashish Tiwari
3rd	Prashant Kumar Tiwari	3rd	1) Raichal Singh, 2) Kiran K Mardi 3) Nirupama Gope, 4) B Roshni V Toppo 5) Swarna M
BCom - I		BBA - I	
1st	1) Megha, 2) Daureen	1st	Sapna Chandrakar
2nd	1) Gourav, 2) Sanskriti	2nd	Sanjana Kumari
3rd	1) Sumit Sasmal, 2) Kundan Ranjan Tiwary 3) Kanika Tigga	3rd	Kusum Kumari Yadav

Faculty

Fr. Mukti Clarence, SJ

1. Mukti Clarence, et.al (2020) "The Effect of Servant Leadership on ad hoc School teachers' Affective Commitment and Psychological Well-being: The Mediating Role of Psychological Capital". International Review of Education, DOI 10.1007/s11159-020-09856-9
2. Mukti Clarence, et.al (2021). "Predictors of Positive Psychological Capital: An Attempt Among the Teacher Communities in Rural Jharkhand, India". Management and Labour Studies, 1–22. <https://doi.org/10.1177/0258042X21991013>

Dr Partha P. Das

1. "Impact of Covid-19 in India and Global Economy—A Clinical Perspective" in The COVID-19 Pandemic: Fallout & Recovery. ISBN: 978-81-947839-5-4; Edn. 2021; KD Publications; Maharashtra, India; <https://www.kdpublications.in>

Dr Sanchita G. Chowdhury

1. "Determinants of Indian Automobile Industry Growth" published in Eurasian Journal of Business and Economics, 13(26), 65-91, November, 2020. [indexed by ABDC, EBSCO Econ-lit and others]
2. "Determinants of Firm Cash Holding: Evidence From The Manufacturing Sector In India", published in Kala Sarovar ISSN:0975-4520, Vol-23 No.02(V) July-September 2020

Paper presented in Conference:

1. "Continuity, Consistency and Innovation in Applied Science and Humanities (ICCIASH-2020)" organised by St. Martin's Engineering College, Secunderabad from 13th-14th August, 2020.



Faculty Section

The Experience and Learning from COVID 19

Author: Prof Amit Chaturvedi, XITE College

The world has been certainly moved and shook by Covid 19. Ever since it started in Wuhan and spread throughout the world, the effects have been seen in all the dimensions of the global, national and local environment. It has also been an eye-opener along with its positive and negative impacts. This period has tested the resilience, patience and efficacy of the governments and the societies world over. The deaths and trauma caused by Covid 19 have strengthened the significance of family and friends.



Prof. Amit Chaturvedi
XITE College

The hygiene and sanitation practices have regained their lost importance out of fear during this period. The technological market has seen new buyers, and sellers and technology have worked for at least some population segments. It is predicted that technology will be rampantly used in all spheres of human life in future. The antecedent to the Covid 19 was the trade war between the two largest economies of the world raising import tariffs against each other, and it did continue during the pandemic. Barring China, all the world's significant economies registered retarded growth rate in their Gross Domestic Product. India slipped from being the fifth largest economy globally to the sixth position and is predicted to compete with Germany and Japan to become the third-largest economy by 2036. The abnormal volatility in stock market indices has been noticed to date. The worldwide lockdown triggered massive job losses and reversed migration at all levels in different countries. The concept of self-reliance right from start-ups to self-dependency of a nation has been felt throughout the world. At the same time, disinvestment of public sector undertakings is also being done. The political elections have been contested on the pandemic issue unprecedented incidents all have seen post-United States elections of us. The scuffle in the bordering areas of different nations, arguably having pandemic in their background was seen during this period. The legal environment has also not been untouched, and the economic compulsion has compelled the regimes to make amendments to it. The lockdown imposed on human beings allowed other species to reclaim their space. The air and water pollution level was at its lowest level due to the low carbon footprint. It is worth mentioning here the three action points outlined by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change like Dietary changes and choices (ensuring people opt for plant-based diets, reduce meat and dairy and choosing sustainable agriculture), food waste reduction and enabling more sustainable land use management. It has also been realised during the pandemic that government budgetary support for sectors like health and education should be increased. Many individuals and institutions undertook the act of philanthropy.

Learning is a relatively permanent change in behaviour as a result of experience. This pandemic is considered to be the most impactful incident since the second world war. It is hoped that lessons have been learnt from this pandemic. It is expected that changes in behaviour would be reflected right from the individual level to global institutional level in the world post-Covid 19. The countries' position in Human Development Index, Sustainability Index and Happiness Index would be of paramount significance to ensure Equality and Justice with the global environment's various components.

WITNESS



Fr. Mukti Clarence, SJ
XITE College

The year 2020 has been a memorable year for all of us as it exposed us to the new normal of wearing masks, sanitizing, social distancing, online learning and teaching, work from home, etc. Against this background and faced with an unprecedented challenge, we solidly affirm that God's ways are not our ways. They are mysterious and beyond our comprehension.

Having remain untouched by this Coronavirus and having seen its claws all around, without making me feel different from anyone else, makes me a bit of a victim and a bit of a witness, like many others. I think the learning curve is from the first to the second.

Victim, like so many around me who put up with it and are suffering from it. With that uncertainty of seeing the symptoms appear and realizing that nothing calms me, nothing relieves those remedies of the immune booster and so on. But this experience of being a victim, which is perhaps the first, has to give way to another, that of a witness, and this, at least in my case, is the most profound and fruitful experience, as far as I can see.

I witness how weakness brushes against me, settle into my life or invades me: it is tough to live there, for minutes, hours, days that become eternal. But at the same time, it is very fruitful because I touch the humus and the earth of what I am, an earthly, finite, fragmented being... Very far from that deity and centre in which I like to live, and for which I strive every day from my personal or professional expertise. It is good that this happy virus makes us all feel weak, the specialists, the politicians, the health professionals, the relatives, and the patients. It is an opportunity to learn to worship and give thanks for the mystery of fragility and vulnerability that surrounds this adventure of my life.

What then is life? How do I live my life? What do I take along with me when I die? What value do wealth, power, qualifications, talents, name, and fame have when confronted with death? Nevertheless, in our daily lives, we seldom pay attention to these "life-and-death" issues but rather fret over matters of little moment. What matters is to live a meaningful and purpose-driven life: a life lived in communion with the Divine Breath, who is God our Lifeline.

One of the apparent symptoms of Covid-19 is breathlessness. Thanks to Covid (!) I have learned that life is precious and that I must value it and take care of it by regular physical exercise and rest. One other thing that I learned from the invisible virus is the visible reality of the breath of humanity. At the core of this Breath of Humanity is the compassion that urged people to go beyond the barriers of religion and caste to take care of the sick and the afflicted. Thanks to this Breath of Humanity, I became keenly aware of my sense of belonging to the whole human family. Corona Virus infects people regardless of religion, region, class, colour, gender, etc. Therefore, it has to be confronted and defeated on its ground by the human family as it stands together as one body.

The world has already searched for the vaccine to fight the Corona Virus that will save us from extermination. But the other virus, as invisible as the Corona Virus but even more destructive, is on the prowl, as always, to infect humans. As we know, its variants are hatred, jealousy, selfishness, greed, pride, etc. To our good fortune, the anti-virus is already available in the form of love, kindness, forgiveness and compassion. Let us vaccinate ourselves with these antidotes and save ourselves from self-annihilation. May the breath of God and the breath of humanity add purpose and meaning to our life.

A Xaviarian Professor's view..



Dr. Partha Priya Das
Dept. of Commerce and
Business Administration
XITE, Gamharia, Jamshedpur

Has the COVID-19 Pandemic increased our sense of 'Global Consciousness' as a process of globalisation?

As defined by Investopedia, Globalisation is the spread of technology, products, culture, practices, information, and jobs across national borders. It is the process by which the world is becoming increasingly interrelated and interconnected across borders. As a result there is a massive increase in trade and cultural exchange.

It's a debatable question whether COVID-19 has fostered an increasing sense of 'Cultural Globalisation' or not. In one sense we can surely say the virus doesn't discriminate across cultures, and many countries are working in similar ways to battle the virus (lockdowns, facemasks, hand washing, maintaining social distance and etc. etc.), but it's equally true that the closing down of borders and the restriction of international travel has not helped with globalisation.

It is the interconnection of people and business across the world that eventually leads to global cultural, political and economic integration. Cultural globalisation is a phenomena by which the experience of everyday life is influenced by the fusion of the commodities and ideas which reflects a standardisation of cultural expression around the world.

The global shut downs of the schools, colleges, institutes and universities all across the world kept over 1.2 billion children and students out of the classroom. The COVID-19 caused a dramatical changed in education with the distinctive rise of e-learning, whereby teaching is undertaken remotely and only on digital platforms.

Having said that, Nation States have been taking guidance from the World Health Organisation, a global institution, and Bill Gates, Ratan Tata and many others seems to be the leading the world which waits for a vaccine to defeat the COVID-19 pandemic. Since the vaccinization has to be done on a global scale for it to be effective, so we can always argue that there is an aspect of the 'Global Consciousness' to the way this crisis can be managed.

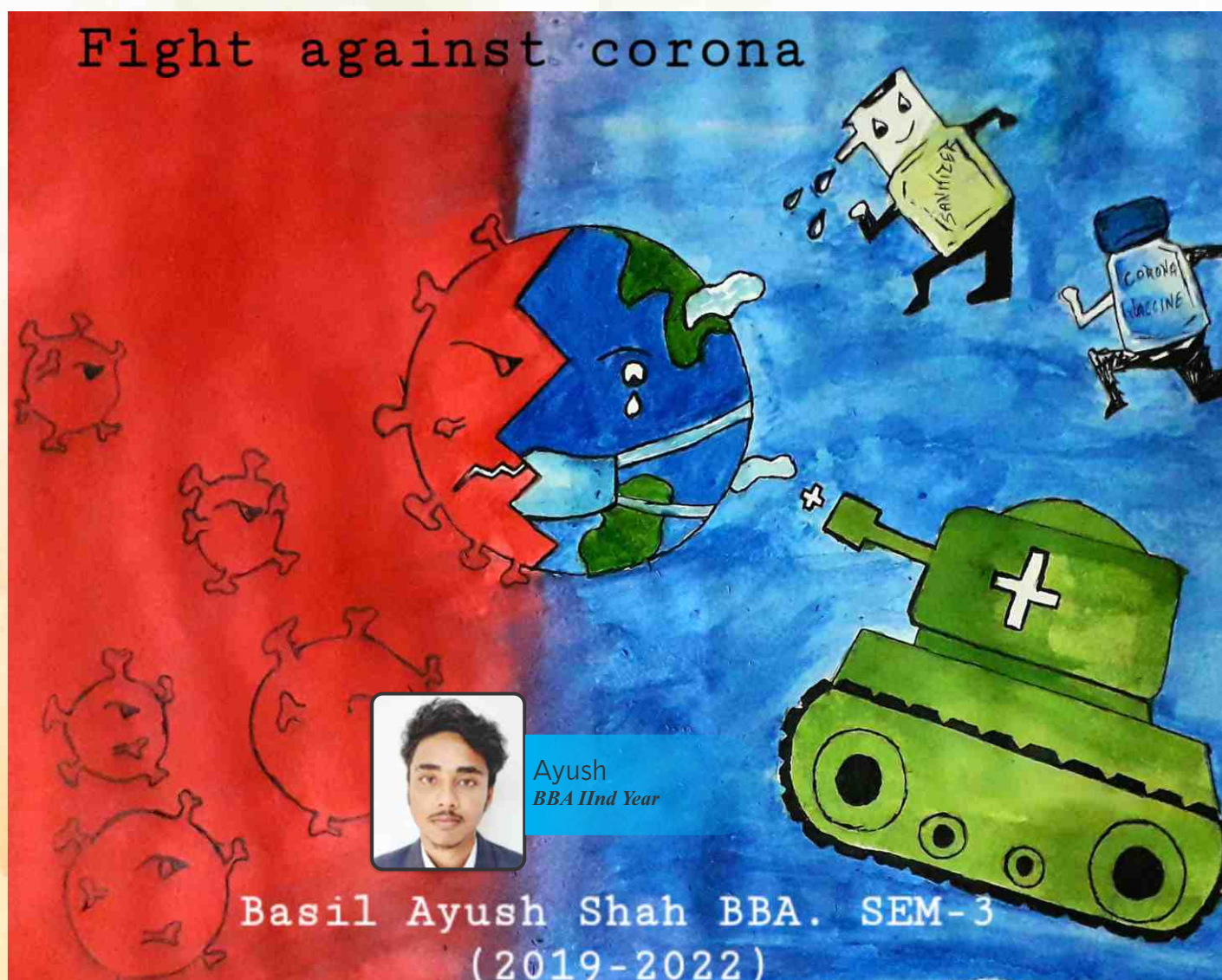
Unravelling about Covid-19

Let's talk about this pandemic- serious news that came into the world. What was our life like before all this? You have wondered how drastically our thinking changed after the first rumour; for many, it is just one rumour more, for others, it is the fall of something grave. The things we did, the places we went, without asking ourselves what will happen



Anupama Toppo
BBA, Sem - III

tomorrow. Sometimes there is no explanation for why things happen. We know why, but the human being is not programmed to obey 100% under such circumstances. It's the law of life, and it's here we break the chain. Above all, I see sadness, nostalgia, and madness everywhere; nevertheless, more people do good than those who do evil, more people who do their part for society. What worries us most is not going out anymore, not seeing our loved ones, and taking hold of the life we used to have - even though sometimes we didn't value it as we should have. Despite the circumstances, we're still standing. We do what we like from home, whether it is the same experience or not. Even though we miss going out to have fun, we know that the day will come when they will tell us the news that we will all be free, the day when we will all carry with us a great lesson: That time is now, today. Let's take action, let's save one more life, even if we don't know them. We will join forces so that all this comes to pass, we will come out of this problem, and we will rise to be better, because we are people with aspirations, goals, dreams, all together for the world.



Ayush
BBA IIInd Year

Basil Ayush Shah BBA. SEM-3
(2019-2022)

Covid-19 And Its Effect On Student Life: A Student's Perspective



Nishi Kiran Guria
B.com 1st year

The Covid-19 pandemic impacted us all but I being an undergraduate student; want to share my experience on the impact of the Covid-19 Lockdown and Unlock phase on a student's life. During this time, being a student had its advantages and disadvantages. Talking of my personal feelings, I was initially happy about the lockdown all over India as schools and colleges were closed, life was full of entertainment and I could enjoy the entire day playing games, watching movies right from the morning to the night. However, after some time, there were no more movies for me to watch and the games lost their charm. I found myself eagerly waiting for the 'unlock' to meet friends and relatives. By this time we also started our online classes which initially felt enjoyable as it was a completely new learning atmosphere. Sadly, within a month's time I experienced the numerous disadvantages of this particular way of learning. I would like to point out a few advantages and disadvantages from a student's perspective.

Advantages:

School and Collages holidays: Since schools and colleges are closed, students can use this quality time in pursuing activities or hobbies of their interest, for which they may not have found time earlier. Many students have also used this time to cope with academic backlogs.

Time to spend with family: In these busy times, students rarely can manage to spend quality time with their families and rejuvenate the bond. The lockdown may be a blessing for this purpose. It gave students ample time to spend with grandparents, cousins, parents and other relatives. Everyone is working from home and one has to just pick up the phone to connect to family and friends staying outside.

Disadvantages

There are significant disadvantages in the form of a huge loss in jobs, lives, and the economy of the Country. Focusing on the disadvantages from a student's perspective, they are;

Impact on Health: according to several reports, only 50-60% students attend online classes, whereas in the classroom the attendance is around 80-90%. Online classes also have some serious health effects like effect on the eyes of the students due to long hours in front of the blue screen. Very young children studying in the pre-primary and primary grades are impacted psychologically as they have low concentration power and are generally trained through activities and not just classroom instruction.

Infrastructure Gap: Lots of poor students do not have access to smart phones, laptops and computers and they are just being left behind, which is unfair.

Change in Evaluation Criteria: Due to the inability of institutions to conduct physical examinations, students are being awarded marks on the basis of the online internal examinations. This may impact their career in the future.

Weighing the advantages and the disadvantages, I would like to conclude that this pandemic is not a blessing to students at all but may foreshadow the future difficulties that a student may face while competing for opportunities to come.

Covid-19 and the Indian Economic Slowdown



Aman Dwivedi
BBA Semester 1

The covid-19 pandemic was first identified in December 2019 in Wuhan, China. The World Health Organization declared the outbreak a public health emergency of international concern in January 2020 and a pandemic in March 2020. As of 7th January 2021, more than 87.1 million cases have been confirmed, with more than 1.88 million deaths attributed to covid19. The virus spreads mainly through air when people are near each other, leaving an infected person as they breathe, cough, sneeze or speak and infecting anyone in the near vicinity. People are known to remain infectious for up to two weeks, without showing any symptoms. This novel virus has drastically changed our lives - the mask has become omnipresent, files are handled only while wearing gloves and pockets and purses always carry a hand sanitizer. Picnics, outings, trips, tourism, parties, travel for leisure have all become things of the past. Visits to movie theatre and malls, too, are strictly prohibited. It made us realize how easy and joyful life was before covid-19! But post pandemic, we all have lost our smiles. School are closed, people are working from home, travel plans are being cancelled and life altogether is being postponed. In the beginning it seemed like a dream come true; weeks of family time, with no office or school to disrupt togetherness. However, as the number of positive cases and deaths continued to rise, it became scary.

The Indian economy was drastically impacted by this pandemic. It lost over 32000 crores (U.S\$4.5 billion) every day during the first 21 days of complete lockdown. Under complete lockdown, less than a quarter of India's \$2.8 trillion economic movement was functional. Almost 70 percent of firms are expecting a decline in sales in the fiscal year 2020-21. The revised Gross domestic product (GDP) estimates for India went downwards by 0.2% points for the fiscal year 2020 to 4.8% and is expected to go down by 0.5% for the fiscal year 2021 to 6%. In May 2020, situations became worst with the number of positive cases and deaths cases rising exponentially. The responses to the pandemic have also resulted in the worst global recession since Great depression. It led to widespread supply shortage and agriculture disruption. Washington university in St. Lousin gave a \$300+ billion impact on the world's supply chain. Global stock market fell on 24 February due to a significant rise in the number of covid-19. India's GDP shrank 7.5% last quarter compared to earlier. Private consumption fell by 11% capital expenditure fell 7% and so on. Over 4.1million young Indians lost their jobs. Inflation rate had crossed 6% in December. India was in a tight situation with inflation but when combined with falling economic growth, the circumstances became desperate. Trade, exchange rate, travel and tourism have also fallen simultaneously, adding to the country's woes.

Currently, though the situation is in under control, life after the covid-19 outbreak will never be the same. We are at the beginning of the end, waiting for a new beginning. Currently there are 50+ vaccines in trial, many of them are very much effective but it still needs some time to fix it. Nobody knows what the future of humanity after the pandemic, but it is certain that the climate and environment of earth are going to be benefited.



Impact of Lockdown on Small Businesses in Jamshedpur



Stanley Kujur
BA Eco (Sem I)

All of us are aware of the present crisis that we are facing, that is COVID-19. Let me tell you once more even if you are well aware. On 11th March 2020 WHO declared COVID-19 as a pandemic and issued orders for 'lockdown' to prevent the spread of corona virus across the world. India too went on nationwide lockdown on 24th March 2020. Due to lockdown the market became unstable which resulted in disastrous impact on the economy. The \$2.5 trillion economy shattered into pieces after the implementation of lockdown and kept on breaking month after month.

So it can be said that every single economic entity in the country suffered, but the most decisive blow was taken by the street vendors of the country. They suffered too much in times of lockdown as they weren't able to sell their goods with full freedom as previous times. Along with bearing losses in their business they also had to undergo mental stress. So, I decided to carry out a study in my locality to know the situation of street vendors presently and also during lockdown. For this small survey I prepared a questionnaire for street vendors residing or selling in my locality. I selected vendors from Golmuri market and Baridih market of Jamshedpur.

So after carrying out the survey while I was compiling the answers I was shocked to know that many answers coincidentally matched with each other which means that they shared same fate and suffering with each other. When I asked them about their working conditions and per day earning one of the vegetable sellers said "babu pure din 16-18 ghante saman bechne ke baad hum 600-800 rupaye kama lete hain par mahine bhar ke hisab se paise bhut hi kam bachte hai kiyunki har din humse paise liye jate hain, kabhi dukan lagane ka kiraya toh kabhi bade babu(inspector) aakar humse bhi wasooli karte hai 100-200 rupaye aur akhir mein humare pass paise aur bhi kam ho jate hai ". This situation was faced by most of the vendors even before the lockdown and one of shopkeepers said "before lockdown I used to have regular customer in my grocery store but due to lockdown after government imposed several policy and restrictions such as goods to be sold at limited time, half of the time customer's didn't come as they feared of getting virus. All this affected my profit and I have to suffer a lot". Another seller recollected his suffering with regard to selling goods during lockdown. He said "jab hum sabji ka thela lekar bechne keliye jagah jagah jaate the toh bhut sarre jaghoon pe pabandi tih ki bina mask ke na ghume toh hum uska bhi palan karte the aur mask lagakar hi saman bechte the par phir bhi agar kahin pe thanedar sahab hume dhak lete the toh humse wasooli karne keliye aajate the, ekk toh din bahar ghumne ke baad bhi jayda sabji nhi beechpate hain aur upar se ye log paise lene aajate hain aur paise nhi dene par humara saman hi jabt karlete the". This small survey made me aware of the suffering of these struggling small businessmen at the hands of local authorities. I also did ask one of the vendors about his other vendor mates who might have shut their business. To this, one of the vendors said "mere se do teen dukan bagal ek aurat fal(fruits) ka dukan lagati thi par aab nhi lagati hai. Shayad uska udhar badh gaya hoga aur waha dukan thik se chala nhi pa rahi hogi aur usne dukan band kardiye". This situation was also faced around some of the vendors of Sakchi and Tinplate.

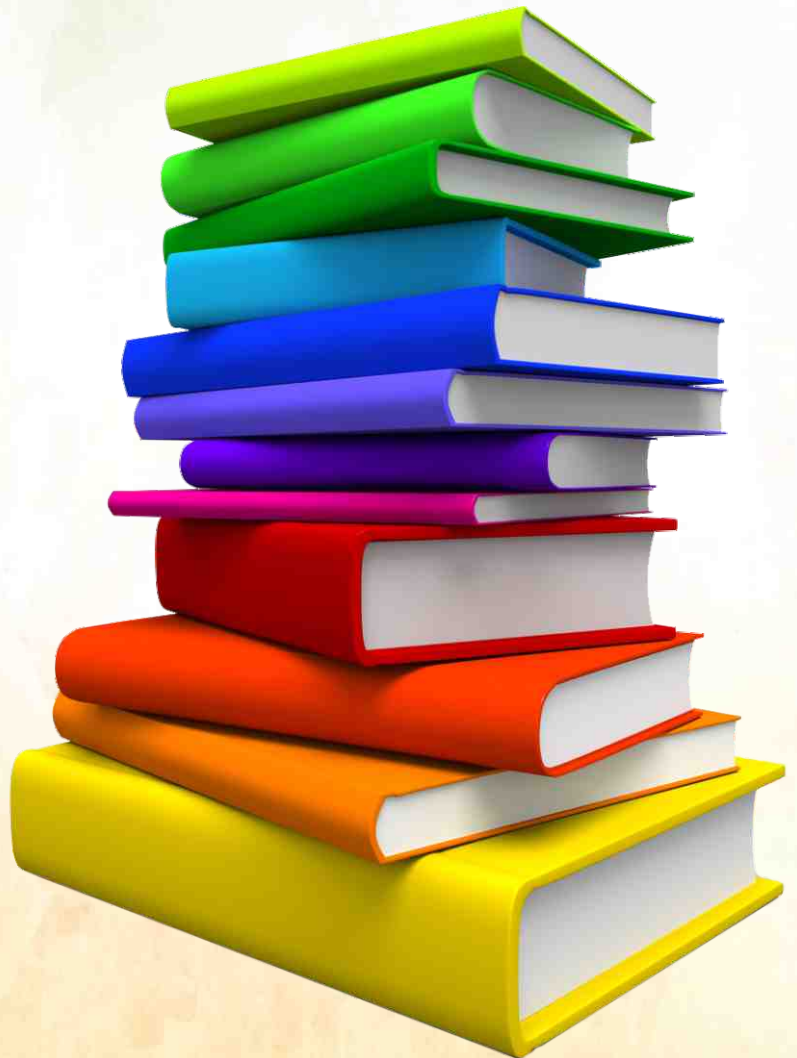
After carrying out this small survey I really got to know about the sufferings of street vendors who are also a part of our community and we should be very grateful to them because they are such an essential subsection of Indian towns, providing products and services at competitive rates as well as at easily accessible locations. They put a lot of work into taking responsibility for their own lives as well as their families. It is my sincere appeal to all the readers to do their best in helping these people to recover from financial and psychological stress created by the pandemic.

I'm a book. Don't judge me by my cover.



Sanskriti Gupta
B. Com, IIIrd Sem.

I'm a book,
Don't judge me by my cover.
On some pages I'm tender
On some pages I'm thunder,
Every chapter unmasks a lie
I've been told about who I'm supposed to be
I got rid of footnotes to give up on that need to always justify myself.
Gratitude, my northstar
rewrites an eloquent
Acknowledgement session
each nad everyday
Purpose, my faithful companion,
Ensures the plot does not revolve around me,
And includes all the lips I can lift in a smile.
I'm a book and when you are done reading
That you leave a good or bad review.
I still don't know how to tame my hair,
Nor my thoughts
But I'm learning, to stroke them
As harp chords in tune with the sea,
My Little hand says write,
Don't worry about the people getting out of sight.
They told you to fear Mondays
And you believed it without a question,
Until you wondered without fear
Could be replaced with all your passions
Write my dear hand, write,
Of mindful discoveries, of values that unite,
An expert is nothing,
But a lifelong student
Identify the struggles that
You can help make right.
Everyone's fighting some small or bigger war,
Ask what you know,
That you can share to bring relief to their doors as well.



2020 was prickly, but I will be positive in 2021



Priyanka Ghosh
B.Com Sem V

Tired of a sedentary lifestyle and staying indoors in artificial light with so much pandemic related news, both good and bad. If I look back now, I feel that 2020 was a roller coaster ride for me. I had to face lows when a couple of my people had tested corona positive. Throughout March and April, those had to be one of the most challenging times of my life. It was then that we all realized that we would be in lockdown for a long time and that we probably would never meet in person again.

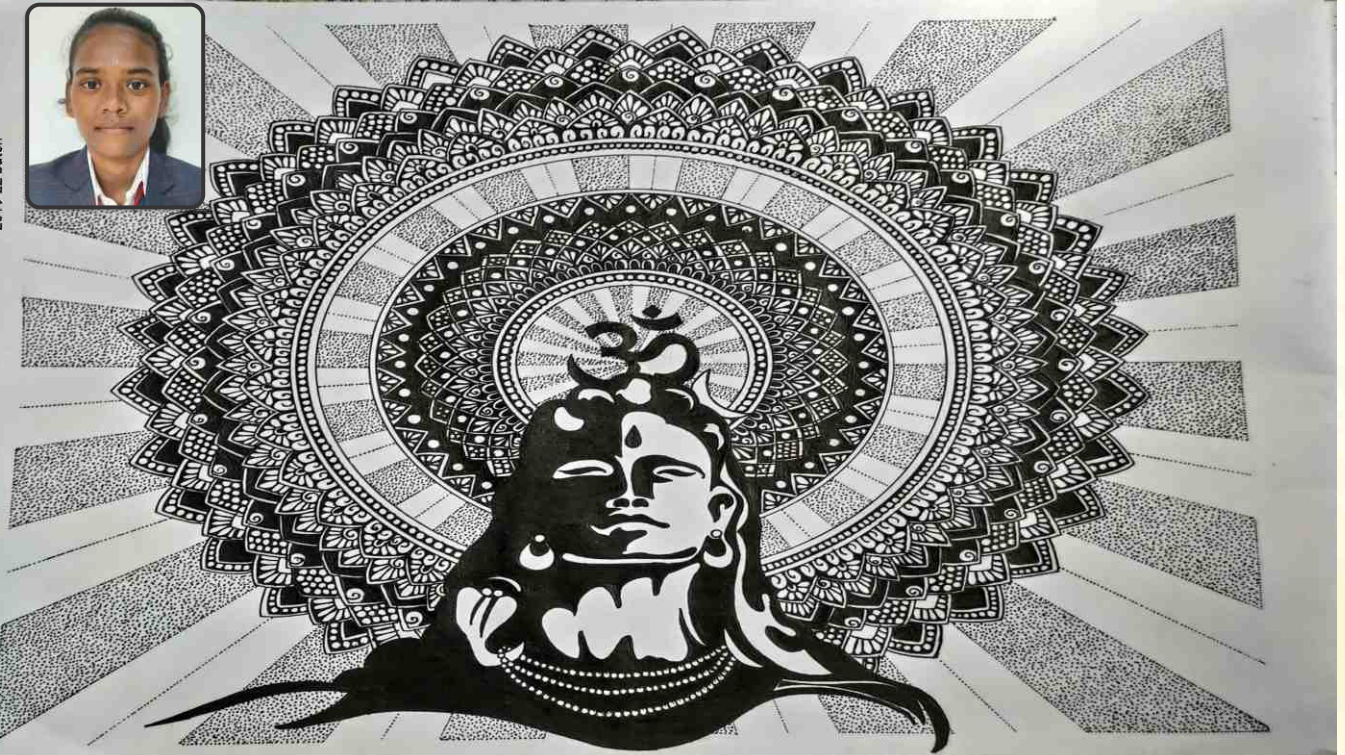
So many changes had to be made in life to keep us all safe. Almost all of the public places were closed, I had to do classes online, but the worst part was not seeing my friends and family. So many drastic changes were occurring; it eventually took a toll on my mental health. So many emotions were going through my head. I felt angry, sad, hopeless, bored and trapped. I was diverted entirely from my studies. It took me a long time to get back on track.

The year 2020 taught me how to prioritize people who are important to us and how not to take our health for granted. Being locked in a room with no hopes, four walls, and the ceiling visible, I felt the pain of all those animals kept in cages for years. I promised myself that I would never cage any animal for my happiness. The pandemic demonstrated to me the value of freedom- the freedom to move, be with those we love, live in dignity and security- for ourselves and those around us, from our loved ones to the refugees and the oppressed. This world is interconnected.

Overall, the last seven months of 2020 have been completely crazy. Still, at the same time, not everything during the pandemic was entirely negative, and I believe that future generations will look at 'THE 2020' as a symbol of hope and courage because we witnessed a time in history that will never be forgotten. So, I believe New Year spells new hope and after a dark period in the country's history and the world.

I am looking forward to starting 2021 on a positive note by working hard in my studies and other activities. As they say, "there is good in every evil", and I will now use this maxim as a tiny consolation in this challenging, unexpected time.

Megha Mardi, BBA 3rd semester,
2019-22 batch



Not about You but Me

Amazing things happened,
and Amazing things I discovered,
Amazing to me, cause,
it was not about you but about me.

To make you understand
I Will take you through
All the ascents and descents,
of this lockdown coaster.

It was not what I was praying for but
about making me understand what I
needed to pray for.
Not about what should I do
But about why it should be done.

When you think you are right And,
on the path, you feel is an ascent,
it cheers you up.
And sooner your myth bursts
And then what you face is,
not fantasy but reality.

And the reality is not your self-esteem,
Which goes away once you stop believing in it.
At one point in time even my reality,
Got a chance to hit me hard.

And then the descent phase started
It was not my lack of interest,
But my lack of motivation,
That I didn't have that strength or courage to
follow the path which I had to.

When I was busy, I used to think,
'Wish I had some free time.
I think my angel took it too seriously.
But I failed to do my part, As I could not use it,
But only waste it.

All were locked in their houses,
And I was locked in my thoughts.
All were practicing social distancing,



Sapna Chandrakar
BBA IIIrd semester

And I distanced myself from my family.
And something which became my daily routine,
Was not trying, but crying.

I was struggling hard to
come out of that phase telling myself that
my problems are not the real ones
But the ones that other people face.

But nothing helped
And I decided to go with the flow
Acceptance became my strength. Now,
I knew what I was going through,
But the only thought in my mind was,
Not to fall apart, but to bounce back.

If this time was not given to me,
I could never understand,
My level of tolerance,
My level of patience
The inner strength which I have.
My ability to be there for others, And my family.
Not when I was cheerful, but when I was low.

The time which was given to me
And the time I took to fall
And the time I took to get up
I value it, respect it,
And appreciate it,
because it was Not about you but for me.

The Changing Dynamics of Education during COVID-19



Anil Tamsoy
B.A Economics, Semester I

India went into lockdown in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic resulting in shutting down 99% of India's enterprises. However, several new businesses evolved during this time, showcasing India's talent and capability for innovation.

One such industry that has taken advantage of the pandemic is the online education, especially the coaching industry. COVID-19 has caused the closure of schools and universities across the country. More than 37 million students were barred from physical classes, resulting in the distinctive rise of e-learning, while teaching took place remotely and on digital platforms. With increasing demand for learning, many online learning platforms offered free access to their services, in platforms such as BYJU, a Bangalore-based online tutoring and educational technology company founded in 2011, which is now one of the most successful educational technology company in the world. Investments in Indian educational technology market such as Unacademy and Byju's increased over 300 percent in 2020.

Another such startup was ODA Class, launched in March 2020. The idea behind the startup was to provide the most efficient online teaching. The objective was to facilitate a comprehensive evaluation of students in terms of their accuracy in performing the task, test results, number of sessions attended, and others, which would help to analyze and identify student weaknesses. Students can attend live classes with unlimited repetitions to enhance their learning of the content. This ODA class helps students in classes VI-XII to wind up for competitive exams such as JEE and NEET. By the end of 2020, 2 lakhs users were taking classes on ODA. Being personalized and accessible, this model enhances the learning experience with the support of teachers from top NITs and IITs. Typically, in India the online education model is where learnings impart from one teacher to many students, one to many, or discussions or many-to-many models, where students discussed and contributed to the discussion in the classroom, where each other's learnings prevailed. The startup differentiates itself by following a dual master approach. It uses artificial intelligence technology for its adaptive learning methods and customizes course content for students accordingly. The online learning experience is enhanced with real-time interaction and virtual classroom feel. Vedantu also an online educational technology uses this technology to bring teachers and students together on a single platform to enable live learning with each other. Other edtech startups that have gained popularity in India during the pandemic have included Toppr, GradeUp, TestBook, and many others attending to more than 360 million learners.

The Primary education accounts for 66 percent of spending, followed by 27 percent for secondary education. The Edtech segment in India is divided into several segments: Pre-K, K-12 and Exam Preparation, Higher Education, Continuing Education and others. Following the record of 92 edtech startups, investors had funded in 2020, as 61 were seed funded. The growth in investment in Edtech is also due to government attention to the education sector, after it launched the National Education Policy this year. The growth in the Edtech segment also coincided with the spread of the Internet in India, particularly in Level III and IV cities and towns.

However, one of the biggest problem faced by this industry in India is the one and only "digital divide". According to the annual educational status report, only a third of Indian school children, i.e. 32 percent have access to online learning. Out of these, only 5% of students are doing live online classes. Just over 11% of all students enrolled in private and government schools used online classes, another 21.5% used videos or recorded classes. The only hope is that, this too is changing. It was found that, more than 60% of students live in families with at least one smartphone. The proportion has increased largely in the last two years, from 36.5% to 61.8% among enrolled children. While Indian families have not acquired other assets such as TV and vehicles between 2018 and 2020, smartphone ownership has gone up vastly. In states such as Maharashtra, Gujarat, Madhya Pradesh, Himachal Pradesh and Tripura, an increase of more than 30 percent in the proportion of children whose families own a smartphone was seen. Hopefully, this shall enhance the accessibility of students to the Edtech industry and enhance their learning capability together with assisting the much-needed reforms proposed by the New Education Policy, 2020.

The Impact of Lockdown on the Underprivileged in Jamshedpur



Shalini Kumari Roni Francis Srishti Mundu Shivam Agarwal

A research article by Shalini Kumari, Roni Francis, Srishti Mundu & Shivam Agarwal
Students of BBA, Semester I

A Novel Strain of Coronavirus was first detected in December 2019 in the city of Wuhan, China, a Country with a population of approx. 11 Million, after an outbreak of a severe pneumonia without an obvious cause. The virus quickly spread to over 200 Countries and Territories across the World, and was claimed as a Pandemic by the World Health Organisation (WHO) on 11th March 2020.

India being a country with a Population of more than 1.34 Billion was also affected by the novel disease and had to suffer through a lot of crisis. The Government had to take tough decisions and proposed several lockdowns to control the transmission of the severe virus. The country had to suffer through a lot of economic crisis because people had to stop their work and families were requested to "STAY HOME & STAY SAFE". We, as students of economics were curious to find how the lockdown has impacted people in our hometown Jamshedpur, specially the under privileged and poor households. So, we decided to go and talk to some of these people and we bring you three chosen stories in this article.



The first story is of Mr. Mukesh Kumar Sharma, a Construction Labour and a native of Aurangabad, Bihar. He came to Jamshedpur a few years ago to earn money and provide his family with a comfortable life. He lives in Sonari, Jamshedpur with his family. He was earning around Rs.15,000 and while it was not much, it was enough to feed his family.

Sadly, this pandemic happened had changed his life like many others. He lost his job and additionally his employer did not clear his entire due as the business too was facing large outstanding dues from customers who refused to pay, citing the lockdown.

With his low income, Mukesh didn't have much savings. The grocery that he had stocked at home was exhausted before the first lockdown ended. Next, he and his family survived on the little food that the welfare committee in his area kindly gave. He and his family decided to skip lunch during the day and kept the food for evening, so that they could sleep at night eating with a full stomach. He had also thought of borrowing some money and start a business as a fruit vendor. But when he heard of the losses suffered by many fruit vendors, he gave up the idea.

He survived the second lockdown somehow and then decided to go back to his native village where he expected to get some help from his community and atleast nobody will go hungry. Then he set out on foot with his family for the village in Aurangabad. On the way, he managed to get lift for small stretches from trucks drivers and private vehicles which eased their painstaking journey a little. When he finally reached his village, he had to stay in quarantine for 14 days till the entire family could feel some relief.



The second story is of Mr. Ratnu Das, a gardener by profession and a native of Bagandhi, West Bengal. He works in a Nursery in Bistupur. He was not able to go back his home because his boss had not allowed him. His village was in Bagandhi, Howrah, West Bengal. Rantu was working alone in the nursery for 6 months, and he used to stay and take care of the plants. Before the covid his salary was Rs.2000- Rs.3000 p/m. During the lockdown his salary although delayed, was nevertheless paid. As Rantu were not able to go back home, his employer was kind enough to send him the necessary commodities so his family didn't face much

problems. After 6 months when Rantu went to home to his native West Bengal, he was placed in quarantine for 15days. He is now back to his job in Jamshedpur.

The third story is of another gardener, Mr.Biswajit Guria, also a native of Kolkata, West Bengal. Biswajit left his hometown and came to Jamshedpur 8 years ago to work and earn a living for his family. At the start of his career, he had no contacts who could help him find some work in a place or two but he didn't lose hope and tried to get some work by himself. After few days, he found a job as a gardener in small area near a nursery, he was paid a salary of six



thousand rupees per month which was not enough to feed a family of six but somehow he was managing. Everything was fine until the novel disease arrived and affected the lives of everyone, people had to stay back at their homes as they were restricted from coming out.

Biswajit had to stay back at the nursery as he couldn't go back to his home and he had to still work and take care of the garden. The pandemic affected his salary very much as it was cut down to an amount of Three thousand rupees per month and he had to suffer through a lot of financial crisis. He had to also cut down on his food expenditure. He started foregoing non-vegetarian items and other costly vegetables, eating only cheaply available items and as a result his health was compromised. He also had no extra money to send to his family back in West Bengal as he used before the lockdown. With a total lack of any savings, he couldn't even afford to travel in order to meet his family. However, in a few months, the situation got a bit better and the restrictions were reduced by the government and transportation in some places were allowed which helped him to finally meet his family after a long suffering but now everything is good and he has resumed his job and his salary is now being reinstated. He is also recovering from his past losses but, with a smile on his face, he says that the most important thing is, he and his family is safe and healthy by God's grace and that the situation will get better slowly.

There is one aspect common to all the stories. Due to the adverse situation, people had to suffer a lot in this pandemic. Workers and Daily labourers had to move back to their respective villages as they had no work left in the city and survival without food and proper shelter was too difficult and so, many people started to walk the miles and cover the journey on foot. At some places, people were offered help and provided with proper transportation facility but at some places the situation was still heart breaking. This situation showed how much important education and literacy is in every person's life as without these, we are left exposed to exploitation and adversity. It also teaches us to always believe in ourselves and that even when the situation looks bleak; we must not lose hope and wait for time to heal everything, because there is a silver lining to every cloud.



The Lockdown Life



Sanjana Kumari
BBA, Sem III (2019-22)

Ever wondered you'll be having this plenty of time where you would be watching the blue sky and embrace its beauty, that beautiful sunset from our terrace would be one of the most satisfying things to see and the peaceful moonlight from our windows a treat to watch! Or get that much time to spend with our families playing carrom, ludo and making new dishes with them. Ever thought we'll care about our hygiene. We are sanitizing every hour, maintaining social distance and wearing masks for hours. No, we had never gone through it, and we shall not go again. But I think the habits COVID has given us should last long. Eating healthy, doing physical activities, we are taking care of our health like never before. Students who were always busy in their day-to-day schedule, the school then tuitions, co-curricular and after the day full of tensions and exhaustion, the nights with eyes on blues (mobile phones). Now they are getting time to search for themselves, creating new interests and hobbies like paintings and music and many other things—also, our parents who were busy the whole day and sleep without having a conversation at night. We got to spend time with them exploring love.

Starbucks turns to Homemade coffee. We are more on the handmade coffee, which tastes even better than that of luxury coffee shops. Some learn to cook for themselves. Some know to make fast food, and some even turned out to be a chef. Online Classes or I'll say the new normal. It was a bit further for us initially, but now we all have gotten used to this new method of learning.

And most importantly, amidst all this chaos in the outside world, we had to maintain the peace inside us." Hope is a good thing". And we had to keep that within us looking forward to our future. Because Having a positive mindset is a way to live a happy life. Finally, the conclusion is that it was and is dependent on us. For someone, COVID turns out to be something that came like a tsunami and destroyed everything, and now he can not do anything, But for someone, it turns to be an opportunity that he/she was waiting for a long time /she can work upon himself. COVID changed everything. Like we all change, this world has also changed. And it is upon us how we adapt. And that would be the key to our future path.

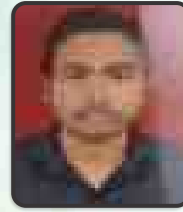


Raj Agarwal
B. Com Sem I

The Predicament of the Migrant Labourers



Vanila Joseph
BBA, Sem. I



Ravi Mahato
BBA, Sem. I

As we all know, the world is going through a crisis caused by covid19. Every country is striving to do its utmost to restraint the pandemic. India has long acknowledged its difficulties and responded by taking the required steps to battle this particular adversary.

In this article we want to talk about the state of migrant workers who had been extremely afflicted by the imposition of lockdown in the country. There are 65 million interstate migrants and 33% of these migrants workers are daily wage labourers. Their story, therefore, demands a place of its own. Most of the labourers are poverty stricken, come from a tyrannized society and do menial jobs. During the lockdown, they were forced to go back to their native places in search for alternative sources of sustenance. However, with a complete shut-down of the transport system, an exodus proved to be the most difficult of circumstances. Our very reflection is on how much they walked! They were frictionless tugged towards the direction of their homes. Enforced to walk barefooted far on the coarse express way, these humans were racking with pain. Children tried in vain to walk fast in order to catch up with their parents. Often, one would see a young little infant not perfectly balanced in the arms of their mother, bawling his head off in hunger. Trudging with the bags and sacks on their heads, was walking mouths covered with their Sari's pallu. Families were walking in groups formed according to their desired destinations. There were no leaders to lead the group or any kind of instructions but still it was the most organized walk comparable to the synchronic consequence of a shoal of fish. In their minds were several thoughts, with the thought of "stopping to rest" not getting a chance at all! Their annoyance was not due to the exhaustion of walking for so long or so far, but simply because their slippers were not meant to be walked so much.

We would like to conclude with a poem.

The baby shedded blood not tears

Enrooted;

The arrogance of miles broke into pieces when someone covered them bare footed;

Curse got depressed after watching the cure being muted.

They want to tie death the friendship band

But death was ashamed to give them a hand.

Life is good but sometimes death is the better brand.

That's life and that's his ultimate plan...

The Social Impact of Covid-19 : A Glimpse into Life in Jamshedpur

Let's start with an interesting fact about the name 'covid19'. It is an abbreviation where, 'CO' stands for corona and 'VI' stands for virus and 'D' for disease and 19 for the year it all started. We all know that the virus has severely impacted our society and brought along with it a multitude of social crisis, especially to the middle class family. We chose the middle class as it is the stratum that builds our economy and resiliently works towards having a safe and secure future. It has always been considered as the backbone of any economy and has a crucial social and political impact. In their aspiration for a better livelihood, they provide a dynamic force of change. However, the corona virus pandemic came as a crushing blow to the dreams of millions of middle class people in India and worsened India's economic woes since early 2020. We, a group of first year students of XITE planned to find out first hand, the social impact of this pandemic on the middle class families of our very own town, Jamshedpur.

Alen visited Priya who used to work as an HR manager in a company while her husband used to work as a field manager. Both of them have lost their jobs during the pandemic. Their 4yr old daughter Mena is in prep and they are unable to pay her fees. Their little savings was almost depleted and they were already short of food and other supplies. They complained that although it is people like them who pay taxes on time, the government does nothing for the woes of the middle class.

Aksharik talked to Taniya who recounted the entire year 2020. Her family was staying locked inside their home. As the head of the family couldn't open their small shop, which was their only source of earning, they too had to fall back on their savings. To cope with the reduced flow of cash, they had to remove all household help. The children missed school and socializing with friends and had to help at home with the extra work. Food was only a way of sustenance and luxury eating was totally out of question. Their whole way of life had to be revised which sometimes was difficult to adjust to and monotony and depression became common. Their house building was still under-construction building and as construction was stopped they faced multiple problems, the major being water scarcity as the pump had still not been installed. Taniya also recounts how neighbours became intolerant and fought with each other.

Simran visited Mr. Gupta (name changed), who earned 15 thousand per month working in a garment shop which was temporarily closed during the lockdown. He had four extra family members visiting him during that time who couldn't get back due to the lockdown. As the sole earner, he was in grave trouble with his finances. During the hard times, they were eating only two frugal meals to save as much as possible. It was an extremely tough scenario said Mr. Gupta and still shivers when he thinks how they coped during that time.

Vanila met Seema who had conceived in the 1st week of March, 2020. She was really happy that the family of two was going to be family of three. Though Seema and her family was not from a very well to do background, but like every mother she wanted to give her child the whole world. Her husband worked in a private company,



Alen Kerketta
BBA Semester I



Aksharik Sarkar
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Simran Khanna
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Vanila Joseph
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Ravi Mahato
BBA Semester I

earning merely seven thousand a month and Seema as a domestic cook for some families in the nearby housing society. As the pandemic hit the town, Seema no longer had the work or the pay. With her pregnancy in full term, the costs were rising and she had no answer to the unlimited questions in her mind; what will I do? How will I welcome my unborn child in this world? What if my husband also loses his job what are we going to eat? How we are going to pay the house rent? Soon, her worst fear came true and her husband too lost his job as his company went for a major layoff during the nationwide lockdown. They somehow managed to tide over the first month but the second month itself became a real challenge. So, Seema had no other option but to look for work again even in her advanced stage of pregnancy. She managed to find work as a domestic help but being poorly informed and equipped, caught the virus from one of her employer's guests. Sadly, Seema lost her child and had to go for intensive medical treatment to come out of both the physical and mental trauma. Her lack of awareness had cost her the happiness of becoming a mother.

Ravi's neighbour Ashwani Mahato faced the worst times his life during this pandemic. Professionally, a driver of commercial vehicles, he is the sole earning member of a family of four. According to him, in the initial phase of lockdown he was happy to have some time to spend with his family and didn't believe that it shall last long. But when the lockdown extended, things gradually started to go downhill. By the first few months of the lockdown the financial position of the family became precarious. They had to resort to borrowing, even for food. The three times meal was reduced to two and the school fees of his two young daughters were overdue. After another few months, even borrowing became impossible as nobody would lend him money anymore. The few well to do relatives did little to help but nevertheless taunted him for being a worthless father and husband. He somehow managed to cultivate some vegetables on the little land that he had behind his house and fed his family. He confessed that in those crucial times he realised what life actually is and who his true friends were. With tears in his eyes, he professed that he had felt that it was Lord Shiva who was with him all the time and gave him his strength to fight and come out through of the seemingly hopeless situation.

Our interactions with these people put forward to us several deep rooted questions. We asked ourselves if this pandemic has been an eye-opener to us, showing the changing mindset of the society and the selfish and self-absorbing nature of us humans. We found that often, in the name of social distancing, we also distanced our eyes and hearts from the suffering of our fellow humans, even when they were neighbours or friends.



The Vaccine Story



Simran Khanna
BBA Semester I

Last year the whole world faced a major attack in the form of the corona virus that infected the world. In January 2020, we got to know about the spreading of the deadly COVID-19 otherwise called the corona virus. It is rumored that one of our neighbouring countries had its hand in the worldwide spreading of the corona virus. To fight this deadly virus, the world needed appropriate ammunition. That is, a 'Vaccine'. Let us talk about vaccine or vaccination. A vaccine (or immunization) is a way to build your body's natural immunity to a disease before you get sick. This keeps you from getting and spreading the disease. For most vaccines, a weakened form of the disease germ is injected into your body. The vaccine is one of the most important inventions that everybody in the world needs now. After the spread of covid-19 in the world, almost all the nation started to make vaccines in their laboratory. However, it was a long wait before such an invention was finally made. After working tirelessly around the clock for almost a year, scientists from some of the major pharmaceutical companies of the world came up with a usable vaccine.

Some of our Indian pharmaceutical companies were trying to make vaccines too! There are almost eight companies that were trying to make vaccines in their laboratories. The Serum Institute of India (SII), one of the largest pharmaceutical companies in Pune, Maharashtra, finally made a vaccine called Covishield and it had spent almost 100 million USD on the research and development of the vaccine. They invented the vaccine in June 2020 and had to get a government permit to start the production. After getting permission from the government Serum Institute of India started the production in bulk and by the end of the year almost completed the production of about 1 million vaccines to be given out to the low and middle-income group. The vaccine costs around 250 rupees for India and for other countries, it's about 1000 rupees. They have already started making more stocks and expects to supply about 400 million vaccines by mid-year 2021.

However, vaccination comes with its own share of problems. The major problems faced by the people on the first day of vaccination was an allergic reaction to the vaccine, in some cases leading to a death. Then there was also the delay in uploading of the user list. On 16th January an app called 'Cowin' was launched to overcome this particular issue. Till January, in India, the data on vaccination says,

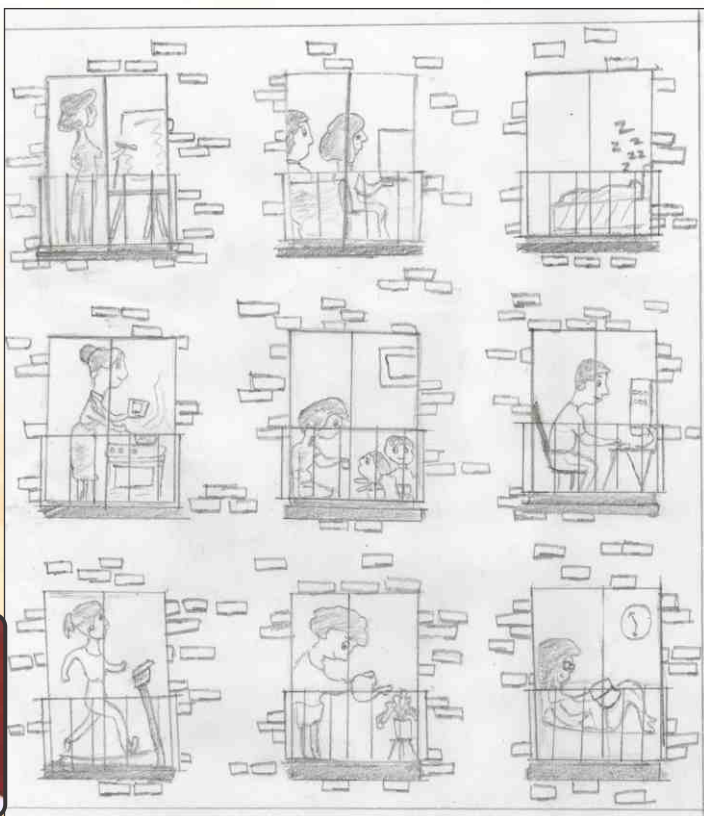
Number of people vaccinated-191181

Number of vaccination sites-3352

Number of people involved in the functioning-16755

Vaccine is the safety measure that we need now and the World Health Organization has shown that vaccines are safer than therapeutic medicines. It improves an individual's immune system and makes him healthier. The government of India has requested every individual to take the vaccine when their turn comes.

Rahul Kumar
B. Com. Sem. I



The walls



Steve Peters
B. Com. Sem. III

Looking around I see these walls,
 These dull brown walls,
 These four sharp walls,
 These lonely but united walls.
 So, constricting yet so welcoming
 They will hold you tight,
 As long as you're alright,
 They will keep you warm,
 Helping you mourn.
 The holes in the wall let me see,
 That very tree.
 It reminds me.
 It reminds me of those days,
 Where nothing went my way,
 Where I skipped through the grass
 And wasn't looking through stained glass.
 It reminds me of the times I didn't spend alone,
 Before any of this was known.
 Before the drama and the trauma,
 Before the pain and the rain.
 Before the deaths and the threats.
 Making me wonder if I was ever alone,
 Away from home.
 Oh, what a shame it would be!
 To leave these four walls and flee.



Anuj Mahato
B. Com, Ist Year

COVID - 19



BIG SALUTE TO WARRIOR



Pradeep Mahato
BBA, Sem. I



Alumni Section

My experience of XITE College

- Ms. Divya A Mallick,
Batch 2008-11

I, Divya A Mallick consider XITE not just as an institute but something special with truckloads of emotions and memories. It seems like a rollercoaster ride with many ups and downs but with consistent accompaniment and guidance as a family. When I entered at XITE, I was a timid and shy girl with lots of uncertainties and questions 'how the upcoming journey would be'. However, the College helped me and transformed into a confident and independent person. Whatever I am today, I owe a lot to the College. Be it my higher studies, my career or my personal life. The things I learnt in the College have proven to be useful at each and every stage of my life. My professors, hostel wardens, friends and the staff played significant roles.

My stay in the College Hostel helped me to understand the value of friends and team work. Never in the three years' had they made me feel that I was not at home. I cherish all my memories fondly for lifelong. I am indebted to the Institute for the values and life lessons it taught me. Today I understand what they mean when they say that sometimes words can't do justice to the emotions.

What is XITE for me?

- Raymond Kindo,
Batch 2014-17

I remember the very first day of my college when I entered the campus, 'it was all new for me, but after a few weeks I made a lot of friends. In the course of time, XITE gave a lot of opportunities, and all through my life, the Principal and the Professors guided me very well. My best mentor was the senior, Mr. Jack Ekka (2013-16). In my 3rd year, he guided me very well and inspired me a lot. I consider XITE as my second home for all the juniors and seniors were very cordial. XITE taught me many things and after graduating, I decided to do PGDM in Rural Management from XISS Ranchi. Sometimes I wonder that if I had not joined XITE, perhaps I would not have joined XISS either. Thus XITE opened the door for my destiny in many ways and I grew in both love and friendship.

A Lady Who Struggled



Ritika Mahato
Alumna

All of these years;
She tried so hard to leave everything behind;
One day dream that she could be happy,
Without struggling inside.
But she still felt bound
Awaken by her deepest fears;
she sits silently in the dark,
Abused by her own insecurities,
tortured with her tears,
you could feel the pain throbbing in this
poor woman's heart.

Can you feel what she has felt?
A raped soul deprived from happiness?
Do you see what she has seen?
A destroyed woman left with dejections?
No, how could you?
Your perception is blurred.
The truth is written all over her body,
Evidence of what she has gone.
Each scar has its own meaning,
Its own pain that lasted so long.
It tells us- how she was one hack away,
From setting herself so bold and strong
.
The day she reached for that
A voice inside her, told her to stop and think,
"You can do it better."
Deep sighs complimented with ease and hope.
Her life struggles and sorrows disperse into smoke.
Shame diminished by
one's self pride,
Her untold story revealed,
That was once hidden inside.
She is a strong woman now,
Capable of the unthinkable, unstoppable you see,
And I believe that none of you would have imagined,
That this woman

Roots need to grow!

We are the roots in the soil,
We need to grow,
We need to sow,
What can I say?
Stop throwing stones,
For the water is me,
When there will be stillness,
I will show you the flowers you have planted.
Stop escaping from the past,
For there is our land,
For there is our home,
We want to live and do not grieve.
For there is beauty in this land, the beauty of the tress,
The fragrance of the soil speaks to me.
The strength of the fire,
The trail of the sun,
And the life that never goes away.
We are the roots of our mother land,
The power of the land, so godly.
So we turn to the land, our mother land.
Turned it for comfort, our refuge at last.
We are the roots in the soil,
We need to grow,
We need to sow

समस्या और समाधान

Problems & solutions



नवल नारायण चौधरी
एम० लीब, पुस्तकालय अध्यक्ष

आज पूरी दुनिया में महामारी कोरोना, कोविड-19 का वायरस फैला हुआ है। यह महामारी बाढ़, भुकंप, आंधी, तूफान से भी भयानक है। यह एक विशाल समस्या है। किसी भी समस्या का जन्म बाद में होता है, जबकि उस समस्या का समाधान उससे पूर्व ही मौजूद रहता है। दुनिया में ऐसी कोई समस्या नहीं जिसका समाधान ना हो, कोई ऐसा प्रश्न नहीं जिसका उत्तर ना हो।

बस अंतर मात्र इतना है कि वह समाधान, वह उत्तर का ज्ञान की जानकारी हमको हुआ कि नहीं, यदि हुआ तो तुम्हारी बुद्धि ने उसे स्वीकार किया कि नहीं।

हमको लगता है कि मंजिलें बाद में तय हुई और रास्ता पहले से ही बना हुआ है, बस उस रास्ते के बदलाव को समझना होगा। एक बात याद रखना होगा रास्ता बदलता रहता है, परंतु मंजिलें नहीं बदला करती।

रास्ता क्या है? जहां से चलकर हम मंजिल तक पहुंचेंगे। अब मंजिल तक पहुंचने के लिए या तो रास्ता का निर्माण करें, या उसी रास्ते पर चलकर मंजिल तक पहुंचें।

मनुष्य में भी कुत्ता, घोड़ा, गधा, सिंह, हाथी आदि जानवरों जैसा गुण छिपा रहता है, कभी उनकी झलक चेहरे से दिखती है, कभी उनके आचार व्यवहार से, कभी उनकी वाणी से, जो जिस प्रवृत्ति का है उनको सहजता में लेंवें।

स्वयं का बचाव करके ही समाज का उपकार किया जा सकता है।

जो स्वयं तैरना जानता है वही दूसरे डूबते हुए को बचा सकता है, लेकिन जो स्वयं तैरना नहीं जानता वह डूबते हुए को बचाने के लिए हल्ला या शोर तो मचा सकता है, परंतु स्वयं नहीं बचा सकता।

किसी भी परिस्थिति को देखकर क्रोधित होना, हताश हो जाना, रोने लगना समस्या है, और शांत रहना, गंभीर होकर कारण की तह में जाकर उपाय सोचना और आगे बढ़ जाना समाधान है।

हमारी जीवन जीने की दिशा गलत हो गई है। हमने मृत्यु को बहुत महत्व दे दिया है, जीवन जीने की कामना को त्याग दिया है। मृत्यु के भय का ऐसा असर है कि व्यक्ति अकेलेपन से, अंधेरे से, अनजान लोगों से डरने लगा है, अपने आप से भी डरने लगा है।

मात्र रसगुल्ला से काम नहीं चलेगा, जीवन में करेला भी बहुत उपयोगी है। करेले की कड़वाहट में रसगुल्ले की मिठास को, दोषों को शमन करने की क्षमता है। मेरे विचार से जहां से समस्या का जन्म है वही समाधान करें।

समस्या और समाधान एक ही सिक्के के दो पहलू हैं। हमारी समझ से समस्या कुछ है ही नहीं, सिर्फ हमारी समझ का फर्क है। समस्या हमारे मन में होता है और हम उसे समाज के लोगों के मस्तिष्क में डाल देते हैं।



लॉकडाउन के दौरान जिंदा रहने के लिए जरूरी



डॉ राधा महाली
सहायक प्रध्यापिका, अर्थशास्त्र

136.64 करोड़ जनसंख्या के साथ विश्व में जनसंख्या के दृष्टिकोण से दूसरा स्थान रखने वाली इस विशालकाय देश भारत के समक्ष इस वैश्विक महामारी के दौरान केवल इसके लोगों को कोरोना के संक्रमण से बचाने की ही समस्या नहीं थी, बल्कि इतनी बड़ी जनसंख्या को भूखे मरने से बचाना भी था, ताकि देश में अहिंसा, शांति और सुरक्षा को कायम रखा जा सके। हम सब जानते हैं कि भूखे पेट कोई जंग नहीं जीती जा सकती है, चाहे कोई विश्व युद्ध हो या वैश्विक महामारी। कोरोना महामारी के दौरान देश की जनता लॉकडाउन के नियमों का पालन करें, स्वयं को सुरक्षित रखे, इसके लिए सबसे बड़ी रामबाण उपाय खाद्य सुरक्षा थी। लॉकडाउन के प्रारंभिक चरण में ही भारत सरकार ने अपनी बुद्धिमत्ता का परिचय देते हुए देश की वित्त मंत्री निर्मला सीतारमन् ने प्रधानमंत्री गरीब कल्याण योजना के तहत 1.70 लाख करोड़ के राहत पैकेज की घोषणा की। यह पैकेज लॉकडाउन के दौरान गरीब लोगों के लिए जिंदा रहने की उम्मीद लेकर आया। इस महामारी के प्रतिकूल प्रभाव को कम करने के लिए कुछ स्तंभों को प्रकाशित किया गया, जो समाज के मूल आवश्यकताओं और उनकी अतिआवश्यक जरूरतों को पूरा करने से संबंधित थीं। इनमें से कुछ प्रकाश स्तंभ इस प्रकार हैं –

- 1) प्रधानमंत्री खाद्य सुरक्षा कार्यक्रम के अंतर्गत पंजीकृत 80 करोड़ राशन कार्ड धारकों को लॉकडाउन के दौरान अप्रैल से सितंबर 2020 तक कोटा के राशन की तुलना में निःशुल्क दुगुना राशन प्रदान किया गया ताकि इस महामारी और बेरोज़गारी के दौरान कोई व्यक्ति भूखा नहीं रहे।
- 2) 20 करोड़ जन-धन खाते और तीन करोड़ गरीब वृद्धजन विधवा, विकलांग लोगों को 3 माह तक प्रतिमाह 500 रुपए उनके खातों में सीधे स्थानांतरित किए गए ताकि वे अपने अति आवश्यक छोटी-मोटी आवश्यकताओं की पूर्ति कर सकें।
- 3) प्रधानमंत्री गरीब कल्याण दिव्यांग पेंशन योजना के माध्यम से देश के बुर्जुगों दिव्यांगों को 3 महीने तक 1000 हजार की अतिरिक्त पेंशन प्रदान की गई।
- 4) उज्जवला योजना के तहत 3 महीने तक सब्सिडी के द्वारा निःशुल्क गैस रिफिल कराया गया।
- 5) प्रधानमंत्री किसान योजना के तहत आय समर्थन के रूप में किसानों के बैंक खातों में **INR 2000** की अग्रिम राशि जमा की गई। **NREGS** में लगे श्रमिकों के लिए मजदूरी दर भी बढ़ा दिया गया।
- 6) प्रधानमंत्री नागरिक सहायता और आपातकालीन स्थिति में राहत के लिए अलग से **PM-CARES** फंड बनाया गया, जिसके द्वारा अनौपचारिक क्षेत्र में लगे व्यक्तियों को नगद और भोजन की सहायता दी गई।

भारत सरकार द्वारा इस महामारी के दौरान कई सराहनीय कदम उठाए गए हैं, यहाँ कुछ ही बातों की संक्षिप्त चर्चा की गई है।

कितना दर्द होता है किसी के नजरअंदाज करने से....



डॉ. पार्थ प्रिय दास
अध्यापक : वाणिज्य विभाग

गम तुम पे बीतेगी तो
तुम भी जान जाओगे कि,
कितना दर्द होता है किसी को
नजर अंदाज करने से ।।
बात दरअसल नजर अंदाज करने से है,
चाहे वो कितने ही छोटे से छोटे हो,
अनुवीक्षण यन्त्र से दिखने वाली विषाणु,
जो पुरे विश्व को रोक लिया,
हम चाहकर भी कुछ नहीं कर पाए ,
कितने से बिछड़े और कितनों में बिछड़े,
इस विषाणु की चपेट में कि,
गम तुम पे बीतेगी तो
तुम भी जान जाओगे कि
कितना दर्द होता है किसी को
नजर अंदाज करने से ।।
बात दरअसल नजर अंदाज करने से है,
चाहे वो कितने ही छोटे से छोटे हो ,
जिन कामो को हम छोटे समझते थे,
जिसे करने में अपनी आन के खिलाफ समझते थे ।
हम चाहकर भी उनसे काम नहीं करवा पाए,
क्योंकि वो तो हमसे भी आगे निकल गए,
इस अतिमारी कि चपेट में कि,
गम तुम पे बीतेगी तो
तुम भी जान जाओगे कि..
कितना दर्द होता है किसी को
नजर अंदाज करने से ।।
बात दरअसल नजर अंदाज करने से है,
चाहे वो कितने ही छोटे से छोटे हो ,
हमे ज़िंदगी जीने के नए आयाम से देखना है,
नई दिशा और नया मुकाम हासिल करना है,
कल तक जो हम सपने में भी सोच नहीं सकते थे,

आज वो हमे वास्तविक दिख रहा है,
समय बहुत शक्तिशाली है और,
आज हम ये समझ रहे है कि
गम हम पे बीतेगी तो
हम भी जान जाएंगे कि
कितना दर्द होता है किसी के
नजर अंदाज करने से ।।

दुःख कौन बांटेगा



Prof. Sushmita Choudhury Sen
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यही संकट रहा तो ज़िन्दगी के दुःख कौन बांटेगा ?
अकेलेपन से लड़ते आदमी का तन्हाई कौन बांटेगा ?
जहां पर दूरियाँ बहुत पहले से हो कायम,
वहां पर पास रह कर आदमी के दुःख कौन बांटेगा?
अभी तो है हवाओं की नमी में वायरस ज़िन्दा ,
अभी गले मिलकर भाइयों के दुःख कौन बांटेगा?
यहां पर बंद है सब कुछ, रोज़गार का कोई साधन नहीं ,
यहां भूखे और प्यासे आदमी के दुःख कौन बांटेगा?
अभी सब अपने अजनबी से नज़र आते हैं,
अभी अपनेपन के साथ सुख—दुःख कौन बांटेगा?
लड़ रहा है वायरस से जो मरीज अकेले में,
कि इस तनहाई में बीमार का दुःख कौन बांटेगा ?
के जिस दुनियाँ में होंगी वायरस की खेतियां उसमें,
तड़प कर मरने वालों के भला दुःख कौन बांटेगा?
ये दुनियां क्या इसी दिन के लिए हमने बनाई है.....
न होगा आदमी तो आदमी के दुख कौन बांटेगा???

नयी राह

निशा मुखजी
बी कॉम, तृतीय वर्ष



चल रही थी ज़िन्दगी ऐसी रफ्तार में,
खुद को ढूँढ़ने का मौका ना मिला इस भागती बाज़ार में,
बच्चे बड़े हो गए थे अपनी उम्र से ज़्यादा,
रुकने का मौका ना मिला था इस भागती बाज़ार में।
फिर अचानक से भागती ज़िंदगी थम सी गई,
क्योंकि कोरोना महामारी ने कदम रखा इस दौड़ती बाज़ार में,
लाखों ज़िंदगियाँ बिखर गई, लाखों जानें थम सी गई,
बाज़ार रुक सा गया, चारो तरफ सन्नाटा छा सा गया,
डर का माहौल था दौड़ती भागती बाज़ार में,
वो भी एक पल था हमारी ज़िंदगी में।
हज़ारों जाने जा रही थीं,
जैसे मानो हर तरफ मौत अपना नंगा नाच दिखा रही थीं,
खौफ था ज़िंदगी में, मातम सी पसरी थी हर खुशियों में,
मानो ज़िंदगी ऐसी थमी थी,
अब रुकने लगी थी भागती बाज़ार में।
फिर सोचा इतना भी क्या डर के जिना?
मौत तो हर पल में है, जरूरी है संभलके चलना,
अब रुक ही गई हूँ तो
क्यों न एक नया आगाज करू.....
भागती बाज़ार को छोड़ कर, एक नये अंदाज़ में चलूँ।
अब धीरे-धीरे खुद को सँवारने लगी हूँ,
अपनी खुशियाँ बंदिशों में भी ढूँढ़ने लगी थी,
फिर से खुद को नया मोड़ दिया,
और अब -----
बिना हारे फिर से ज़िंदगी चलने लगी कुछ इस रफ्तार में,
कि रुकने का मौका ना मिला फिर से इस भागती बाज़ार में।

हमारा गौरव - हमारी संस्कृति



कुंदन रंजन तिवारी
बी कॉम, द्वितीय वर्ष

कोरोना वायरस ने भारतीय संस्कृति की याद दिलाई है।
हमारी संस्कृति पुरे विश्व में सर्वोपरि कहलाई है ।।
बाहर से आकर हाथ — पैर धोना,
तो हमारे यहाँ वर्षों से चली आ रही परंपरा है,
घुँघट प्रथा पर हँसने वाली महिलाएँ भी मजबूरन
दुपट्टे से चेहरे ढकने पर आई हैं ।।
सामाजिक दुरी की खुबियाँ बताने वाले ये जान लो,
हाथ जोड़कर स्वागत करना,
यही वर्षों से भारतीय परम्परा चली आई है ।
माँ के हाथों से बनी स्वादिष्ट पौस्टिक भोजन
हमने खाई एवं खिलाई है,
यही सर्वोत्तम है , आज डब्ल्यू एच ओ ने भी सुझाई है ।
नीम व तुलसी के गुण हमने ही विश्व को बतलाया है,
काढ़ें का महत्व आज फिर से साबित हुई है ।
मुनि ऋषियों द्वारा बताये गए योग को
आज सारे विश्व ने अपनाया है,
सात्विक भोजन को आज सबका वरीयता प्राप्त हुआ है ।
जिस कोरोना ने पुरे दुनियाँ में मचाई तबाही,
भारतीय परंपरा के साधारण से नियमों ने ही
उसे कमजोर बना डाला है ।
अब तो समझ जाओ नासमझों —
अपनी सभ्यता की गरिमा अपरम्पार है ,
चलो आज फिर से अपनाये इसे,
गर्व से कहे हम सनातन है, हम भारतीय है..
शुक्र है, इस महामारी ने
हमें भारतीय संस्कृति की याद दिलाई है ।
हमारी संस्कृति पुरे विश्व में सर्वोपरि कहलाई है ।।

कृषि बिल के प्रति किसानों के दृष्टिकोण

भारत सरकार ने हाल ही में नई कृषि बिल 2020 पेश किया है। यह नई कृषि बिल किसानों के कल्याण, एवं कृषि क्षेत्र की भलाई के लिए है। इस नए कृषि बिल से संबंधित हमारे कॉलेज के शिक्षकों ने हमें जानकारी दी और चार विद्यार्थियों का समूह बनाकर हमें अपने अपने क्षेत्र के किसानों से जानकारी प्राप्त करने को कहा गया, क्योंकि हमें यह जानना था कि किसान नई कृषि बिल 2020 के संदर्भ में कितने जागरूक हैं साथ ही उनकी क्या राय है।

हमने जानकारी प्राप्त करने के लिए कृष्णपूर, कुर्सी, बालियापादा एवं मझगाँव आदि गाँवों का सर्वेक्षण किया। इन गाँवों के सर्वेक्षण के तहत हमने लगभग 30 किसानों से जानकारी प्राप्त करने के लिए कुछ इस प्रकार के प्रश्न पूछे जैसे :-1) आपको वर्तमान समय में सरकार द्वारा लागू की गई नई कृषि बिल 2020 के बारे में जानकारी है या नहीं ?

इस प्रश्न का जवाब यह पाया गया कि 50 प्रतिशत किसानों को जानकारी थी और 50 प्रतिशत किसानों को जानकारी नहीं थी। तो हमने उन्हें कृषि बिल के बारे में जानकारी दी और यह भी बताया कि यह बिल किनके लिए है, साथ – ही साथ उन्हें न्यूनतम समर्थन मूल्य के बारे में भी जानकारी दी। उनसे दूसरा प्रश्न यह पूछा कि –2) आप इस नई कृषि बिल के पक्ष में हैं या फिर इसके विपक्ष में है ?

70 प्रतिशत किसान इस बिल के पक्ष में बाकी 30 प्रतिशत किसान इस बिल के विपक्ष में थे। साथ ही ये पूछें कि नई कृषि बिल के प्रति आपका क्या विचार है ?

किसानों के विचार दोनों पक्षों के प्रति कुछ इस प्रकार से थे –

पक्ष

जो किसान नई कृषि बिल के पक्ष में थे उनका कहना था कि पहले वे केवल मंडी में रहकर अपने फसलों जैसे धान, चावल एवं गेहूँ की बिक्री मात्र अपने राज्य के भीतर करते थे परंतु अब वे इस बिल के तहत अपने फसलों को अन्य राज्य एवं अंतर्राष्ट्रीय स्तर पर भी निर्यात कर लाभ प्राप्त कर सकते हैं। साथ ही इन लाभप्रद तरीकों को देखते हुए वे इस बिल के पक्ष में थे। किसी महान विद्वान ने कहा है –

“जय जवान जय किसान
भारत के किसान राष्ट्र के शान”

विपक्ष

इसके विपरित कुछ किसानों का कहना था कि यह सरकार की अच्छी चाल है, इससे बड़े बड़े किसानों को ही लाभ मिलेगा और छोटे किसानों को नहीं। उनका ये भी कहना था कि वे तो बस अपने और परिवार के पालन पोषण तक ही खेती कर पाते हैं, तो उन्हें कहाँ से फायदा होगा। उनका ये भी विचार था कि इस बिल के तहत उनको ठगा जा रहा है। इस लिए उनका कहना है कि —

**“NO FARMERS
NO FOOD”**

किसी महान व्यक्ति ने यूँ ही कहा है —

“यूँ ही नहीं मिल जाता, दुकानों में आटा,
किसी ने तपती धूप में गेहूँ था काटा, बोलो जय अन्नदाता,”

इस प्रकार हमने गाँव में भ्रमण के फलस्वरूप कुछ इस प्रकार के जानकारी प्राप्त करने में कामयाब हुए।

धन्यवाद

Bimal Barjo, B.A, Eco Sem I

Kashmira Banr, B.A, Eco, Sem I

Lisa Barha, B.A, Eco, Sem I

Yashwant Pingua, B.A, Eco, Sem I



नेशन का वैक्सीनेशन



पिताम्बर कुमार
अर्थशास्त्र प्रतिष्ठा (1)

आज पुरी दुनिया कोरोना वायरस (Covid-19) के प्रकोप से परेशान है। लाखों लोग अपनी जान गवा चुके हैं और करोड़ों लोग संक्रमित भी हैं। इस बीमारी से बचने के लिए भारत सरकार ने वैक्सीनेशन ड्राइव करोड़ों लोगों पर करने का निर्णय किया है जिससे हम लोग डरे नहीं बल्कि खुलकर समर्थन दे। इसलिए आओ-आओ हम सब मिलकर एक प्रेरणा लें की यह हमारा हिन्दुस्तान है। यहाँ पर त्यौहार का अपना ही मान-सम्मान हैं, भले ही दिशा चार हैं पर, सब एक समान हैं। गुरुद्वारा में मथा टेका, मंदिरों में हाथ जोड़ा, कभी होली की गुजिया, तो कभी ईद की सेवैया में हिंदुस्तान के प्यार की चासनी ने चार चाँद लगाया, यहाँ हर किसी के लिए खुले हैं मंदिर, मस्जिद, गुरुद्वारा और चर्च। यह हिंदुस्तान है यहाँ वह भी मिलेगा जो ना तो गूगल पर ना तो विकिपिडिया में पाओगे। तो चलो ना हम सब मिलकर एक त्यौहार और मनाते हैं, हल्के से मुरझाए चेहरे पर खुशियों का टीका लगाते हैं। दुनिया का सबसे बड़ा वैक्सीनेशन ड्राइव है शुरु हुआ, नेशन का वैक्सीनेशन करके चलो मांगते हैं, खुद को, और दुनिया को सुरक्षित बनाते हैं।

तो दोस्तों यह एक टीका हमको और आपको टीकाए रखेगा, थोड़ा सा इंतज़ार और फिर हमारा हिंदुस्तान का हर मुरझाया चेहरा मुस्कुराएगा। सरकार ने टीका लगाने का बना रखा है सिस्टम, टीका लगाने के बाद भी अनुपालन करने हैं, हमको और आपको वह सारे नियम। आशा और विकास दोनों का रिचार्ज हुआ है फुल, कोरोना को मिटाने आया है कोरोना वैक्सीन।

साजिश-ए-सियासत

हज़ारों जानें लूट ली जाती हैं,
धर्म और मजहब के नाम पर लकीरें खींची जाती हैं;
मैं सियासत कहूँ या साजिश कहूँ इसे,
गुलामी से आज़ादी दिलवाने वाले ही, गुलाम बना जाते हैं;
आतंकियों को पनाह देने वाले,
बात बात पर विद्रोहियों की आवाज़ दबाते हैं;
देश की अमन चैन छीनने वालों को बड़ा नाम,
हक के लिए लड़ने वालों को देश का दुश्मन बताते हैं;
गद्दारों को शहीद का दर्जा,
सिपाहियों को देहशतगर्द बताते हैं,
झूठी हमदर्दी और दिलाशा देके,
भोले भाले लोगों को ये बरगलाते हैं;



अक्षित आनंद
बी.कॉम, सेमेस्टर-५

चाहते तो कब का बदल जाता
हमारे देश का भाग्य,
मगर ये अपने शौख के लिए,
भाई को भाई और युवाओं को देश के लिए भड़काते हैं।।

ALUMNI







Sports





Cultural





The Visit of ASIA Team



The Visit of Vice-Chancellor